

3DA3

Diode

**FOR TV HIGH-VOLTAGE
RECTIFIER APPLICATIONS**

- | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| ■ COLOR TV TYPE | ■ 30000 VOLTS DC | ■ 2.2 MILLIAMPERES DC |
| ■ DIFFUSION BONDED CATHODE | ■ NEW RAPID WARM-UP HEATER-CATHODE DESIGN | ■ X-RADIATION RATING |

The 3DA3 is a heater-cathode type diode designed for use in color television receivers as the high-voltage rectifier to supply power to the anode of the picture tube. Features of the tube include fast operational warm-up, a diffusion bonded cathode coating to minimize reverse emission failures, and X-radiation controls.

A unique design feature of the 3DA3 is a new heater-cathode system which enables a more rapid heat transfer from the heater to the cathode with low thermal inertia. Aiding in this accomplishment is the use of a thinner, high-strength, bi-metal cathode sleeve and the development of associated process techniques which expedite thermal conductivity without impairing the inherent reliability of the tube.

The diffusion bonded cathode coating practically eliminates one of the major failure mechanisms in high-voltage rectifiers, which is back-emission from the anode due to emissive particles being pulled from the cathode by the very high electrostatic field.

The 3DA3 features built-in X-radiation shielding and additional design and specification controls for the reduction of X-radiation output.

GENERAL

ELECTRICAL

Cathode - Coated Unipotential

Heater Characteristics and Ratings

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|---------|
| Heater Voltage, AC or DC* | 3.15±0.5 | Volts |
| Heater Current† | 0.48 | Amperes |
| Operational Warm-up Time‡ | 4 | Seconds |

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances, approximate††

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|----|
| Plate to Heater, Cathode and Internal Shield:
p to (h + k + i.s.). | 1.6 | pf |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|----|

MECHANICAL

Operating Position - Any

Envelope - T-9, Glass

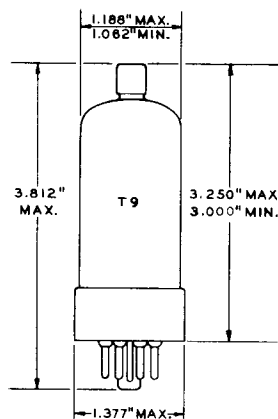
Base - B8-118, Short Medium-Shell Octal 8-Pin
or B8-251, Ultra-Short Small-Wafer Octal 8-Pin

Top Cap - C1-49, Small

Outline Drawing

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|
| Maximum Diameter | 1.377 | Inches |
| Maximum Bulb Diameter | 1.188 | Inches |
| Maximum Over-all Length | 3.812 | Inches |
| Maximum Seated Height | 3.250 | Inches |
| Minimum Seated Height | 3.000 | Inches |

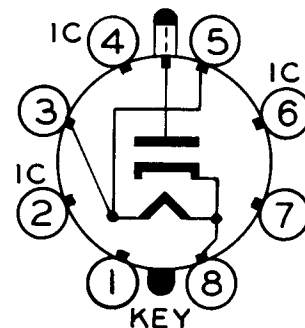
PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

- #Pin 1 - No Connection
- Pin 2 - Internal Connection - Do Not Use
- Pin 3 - Heater
- Pin 4 - Internal Connection - Do Not Use
- Pin 5 - Heater
- Pin 6 - Internal Connection - Do Not Use
- #Pin 7 - No Connection
- Pin 8 - Heater, Cathode and Internal Shield
- Cap - Plate

BASING DIAGRAM



EIA 8MY

MAXIMUM RATINGS

FLYBACK RECTIFIER SERVICE^Δ — DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED

Peak Inverse Voltage		
DC Component (Absolute-Maximum Value)	30000	Volts
Total DC and Peak (Absolute-Maximum Value)	38000	Volts
Steady-State Peak Plate Current 110	Milliamperes
DC Output Current 2.2	Milliamperes
Heater Voltage, AC or DC (Absolute-Maximum Value) ^Δ	3.65	Volts
Heater Voltage, AC or DC (Absolute-Minimum Value)	2.65	Volts

<p>Design-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to a bogey electron tube of a specified type as defined by its published data and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.</p> <p>The tube manufacturer chooses these values to provide acceptable serviceability of the tube, making allowance for the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration.</p>	<p>The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout life no design-maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with a bogey tube under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supply-voltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, environmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics of all other electron devices in the equipment.</p>
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<p>Absolute-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to any electron tube of a specified type as defined by its published data and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.</p> <p>The tube manufacturer chooses these values to provide acceptable serviceability of the tube, making no allowance for equipment variations, environmental variations, and the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration and of</p>	<p>all other electron devices in the equipment.</p> <p>The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout life no absolute-maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with any tube under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supply-voltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, environmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration and of all other electron devices in the equipment.</p>
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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

Tube Voltage Drop, approximate		
I _b = 7.0 Milliamperes	60	Volts

X-RADIATION RATING^Δ

X-radiation, maximum	25	mR/hr
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Based on accumulated sample test data taken initially and during life test, tubes do not exceed the maximum rating limit of 25 mR/hr at any time throughout their useful life, when operated within the maximum ratings, including heater voltage, specified on this data sheet.

This X-radiation maximum rating is based on data obtained with the use of the Victoreen 440 RF survey meter with a 3 3/8 inch aperture. X-radiation is measured with the face of the meter at a distance of 4 3/4 inches from the external surface of the tube. This rating information is not necessarily applicable when a different radiation measuring instrument or aperture is used.

Operation of the 3DA3 outside of the Absolute-Maximum Ratings indicated may damage the tube and/or result in either temporary or permanent changes in the X-radiation characteristics of the tube. Equipment design must be such that these Absolute-Maximum Ratings are not exceeded.

The General Electric Company makes no representation concerning the X-radiation output from these tubes when operated beyond the maximum ratings set forth herein.

X-RADIATION CHARACTERISTICS

The 3DA3 will produce varying levels of X-radiation depending on operating conditions. Based on known attenuation factors of tube construction materials and accumulated sample test data taken initially and during life test, X-radiation output is not expected to exceed the maximum expected values indicated below for the different values of total DC and peak inverse voltage, with all other operating conditions remaining constant.

TOTAL DC AND PEAK INVERSE VOLTAGE	MAXIMUM EXPECTED X-RADIATION OUTPUT
38 KV (30 KV Maximum DC Component)	25.0 mR/hr
33 KV (27 KV Maximum DC Component)	3.0 mR/hr
30 KV (25 KV Maximum DC Component)	0.5 mR/hr

The above X-radiation characteristics are measured in accordance with JEDEC Publication No. 67, "Recommended Practice for Measurement of X-Radiation from Receiving Tubes," and controlled in accordance with JEDEC Publication No. 73, "Recommended Practice for Quality Control of X-Radiation from High Voltage Rectifier and Shunt Regulator Receiving Tubes."

WARNING

X-RADIATION

The high voltages associated with the 3DA3 result in production of X-radiation which may constitute a health hazard on prolonged exposure at close range unless the tube is adequately shielded. Equipment design must provide for this shielding.

Precautions must be exercised during the servicing of equipment employing the 3DA3 to assure that the high voltage is adjusted to the recommended value and that any shielding components are replaced to their intended positions before the equipment is operated.

SHOCK HAZARD

The high voltages at which the 3DA3 is operated can be extremely dangerous to the user or serviceman. Extreme care should be taken in the use of and for the servicing and adjustment of any high voltage circuit.

Precautions must be exercised during the replacement or servicing of the 3DA3 in equipment to assure that the high voltage output terminal is properly grounded while inserting or removing the tube from its socket or while connecting or disconnecting the top cap connector.

THE EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER SHOULD PROVIDE A WARNING LABEL IN AN APPROPRIATE POSITION ON THE EQUIPMENT TO ADVISE THE SERVICEMAN OF ALL PRECAUTIONS HEREIN.

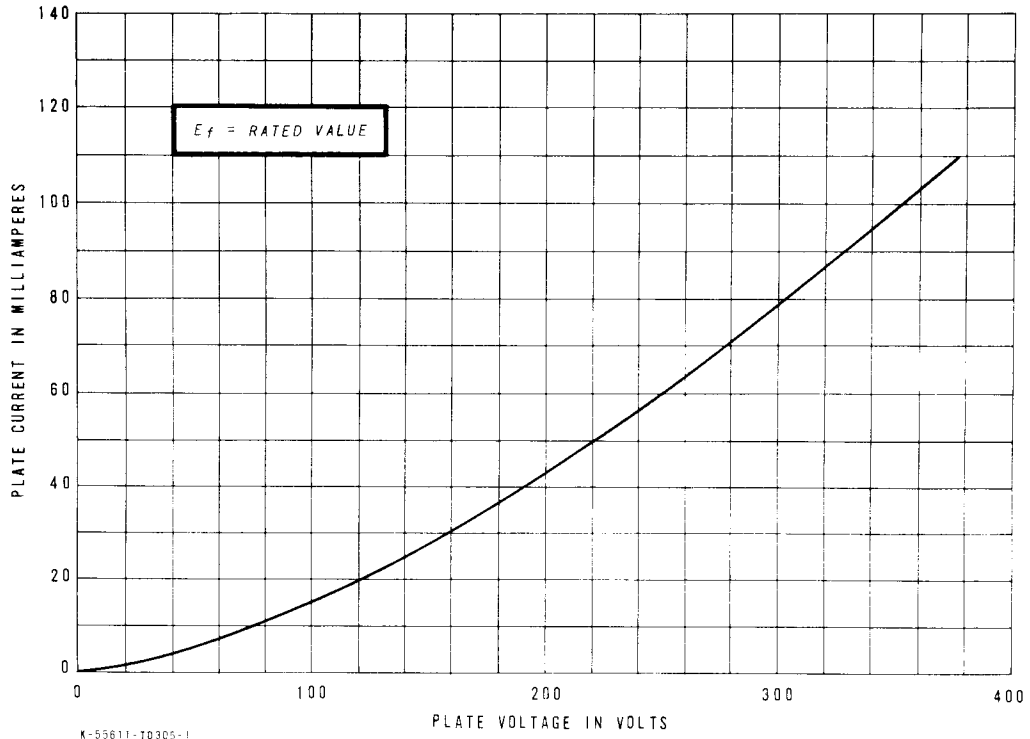
NOTES

- * The equipment designer should design the equipment so that heater voltage is centered at the specified bogey value, with heater supply variations restricted to maintain heater voltage within the specified tolerance.
- † Heater current of a bogey tube at $E_f = 3.15$ volts.
- § The time required to reach 80 percent of rated d-c output voltage when used as a flyback rectifier.
- ¶ Without external shield.
- # Socket terminals 1 and 7 may be used as tie points for components at or near heater potential.
- Δ For operation in a 525-line, 30-frame television system as described in "Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Television Broadcast Stations," Federal Communications Commission. The duty cycle of the voltage pulse must not exceed 15 percent of one scanning cycle.
- ♠ CAUTION - Operation of this tube for an extended period of time with the heater voltage above the absolute maximum rated value of 3.65 volts may result in the production of X-radiation in excess of the maximum rated limit of 25 mR/hr.

The tubes and arrangements disclosed herein may be covered by patents of General Electric Company or others. Neither the disclosure of any information herein nor the sale of tubes by General Electric Company conveys any license under patent claims covering combinations of tubes with other devices or elements. In the absence of an

express written agreement to the contrary, General Electric Company assumes no liability for patent infringement arising out of any use of the tubes with other devices or elements by any purchaser of tubes or others.

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



TUBE DEPARTMENT



Owensboro, Kentucky 42301